

Hambleton District Council

Report To: Audit, Governance and Standards Committee
5 October 2021

From: Director of Law and Governance (Monitoring Officer)

Subject: Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act – Review of Activity

All Wards

1.0 Purpose and Background

- 1.1 The Council, like many public authorities, is governed by the Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act 2000 (RIPA). This Act ensures that public authorities comply with their obligations under the Human Rights Act when undertaking investigations which may interfere with the rights of individuals. The Act introduces safeguards on activities such as surveillance undertaken by public bodies.
- 1.2 The Audit, Governance and Standards Committee has been given responsibility for RIPA matters. This involves the Committee in reviewing the Council's Policy Statement from time to time and receiving bi-annual reports on any activities which have been authorised under RIPA.

2.0 RIPA Activities

- 2.1 Although RIPA covers a number of activities undertaken by investigatory bodies (e.g., phone tapping by the Security Services and Police) its principle use in respect of Local Authorities relates to: -
- covert surveillance, and
 - covert human intelligence sources.
- 2.2 Covert surveillance covers the monitoring, observing or listening to persons, their movements, conversations or other activities and communications. It may be conducted with or without the assistance of a surveillance device and includes the recording of any information obtained. RIPA is most relevant to the Council's activities in effecting enforcement procedures such as the investigation and prosecution of offences. This would not normally include the initial investigation of contraventions such as planning enforcement or noise investigations but would usually involve the later stages where criminal activity was a possibility. Although this could technically include breaches of Planning Enforcement Notices, breaches of Environmental Health Notices, fraud, etc., the Council's use of the powers has been very limited in recent years. For example, the Council has not used authorisations under the Act in the last three years.
- 2.3 Since 1 November 2012 the Council has only been able to use RIPA for directed surveillance for potential criminal activity with a possible penalty of at least six months imprisonment. This means that the Council is unable to use the procedure for low-level offences such as littering or dog control. For serious offences the Council needs approval from a magistrate before it can use directed surveillance.
- 2.4 Another use of the Act is for the Police to authorise use of the Council's CCTV system for specific operations (general use of CCTV is not covered by the Act because this is not covert surveillance). The Police authorise themselves to use the Council's CCTV system for covert surveillance on approximately two occasions per year.

- 2.5 Covert human intelligence sources relate to the use of a third party to gather information. For example, this could be an informer or someone used to undertake test purchases. This is not an activity that the Council engages in. The Council also needs the approval of a magistrate to carry out this activity.
- 2.6 The only area in which the Council might very occasionally involve itself where RIPA might be relevant is covert surveillance. It is necessary for the Council therefore to follow the legislation and the requirements of Government Codes of Practice. Most of the requirements of the Code are dealt with at an Officer level. However, Members are expected to approve a Policy on RIPA and to have some involvement in monitoring how the Council implements RIPA requirements.

3.0 Monitoring of RIPA Activity

- 3.1 Codes of Practice on RIPA recommend that regular reports are made to Members on RIPA activity. Consideration of such reports has been delegated to the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee. This report therefore constitutes one of those reports and is intended to cover the period 23 March to 5 October 2021. There were no authorisations during this period. It is recommended that the Committee note the position.

4.0 Recommendation

- 5.1 It is recommended that it be noted that no RIPA authorisations were made by the Council during the period 23 March to 5 October 2021.

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Background papers: HDC RIPA Register of Authorisations
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